IN THE SUPERIOR COURT FOR THE STATE OF WASHINGTON IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF KING

KATHRYN RICHMOND, a married woman as to her separate estate,

Case No.: 16-2-21723-1 SEA

Plaintiff,

AMENDED OPPOSITION TO PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR ATTORNEY'S FEES AND COSTS; JUDGMENT ON THE VERDICT; AND WRIT OF RESTITUTION

VS.

TERESSA HERNANDEZ, a single woman, and JOHN and JANE DOES 1-4,

Defendants.

I. INTRODUCTION

On November 8, 2016, the jury for the trial held relating to this matter entered a verdict partially against the Defendant. Per the Civil Rules, Plaintiff's counsel submitted a proposed judgment setting forth the specific relief sought. In this proposed judgment, Plaintiff requested \$21,937.50 in attorney's fees.

II. ARGUMENT

In submitting a legal billing fee application, the prevailing party is to make certain that "billing judgment" is properly exercised and that a good faith effort to exclude from the submission hours that are excessive, redundant, or otherwise unnecessary. Plaintiff's counsel has not attempted to exercise "billing judgment." Instead, a general "block billing" method was used, providing no specifics as to what tasks demanded the amounts of work time indicated.

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Two of the initial considerations in reducing attorney's fees are whether the hours requested have been satisfactorily documented; and whether the hours have been expended on activities that were unproductive, unnecessary, or otherwise unreasonable. *See Hensley*, 461 U.S. at 433-34; *Sorensen v. Mink*, 239 F.3d 1140, 1146-47 (9th Cir 2001). Plaintiff's request for attorney's fees should be reduced for both of these reasons.

U.S.C. §330(3)(A) provides that:

"In determining the amount of reasonable compensation to be awarded, the court shall consider the nature, the extent and the value of such services, taking into account all relevant factors, including

- (a) the time spent on such services; ...
- (c) whether the services were necessary...or beneficial...toward the completion of, a case under this title;... [and]
- (d) whether the services were performed at a reasonable amount of time commensurate with the complexity, importance, and nature of the problem, issue or task addressed..."

One of the first things noticeable about the invoice submitted is the block billing provided, which plainly had little thought put into it prior to submittal. According to the lodestar method for calculating attorney's fees, hours may be withheld from compensation under three circumstances, two of the reasons being that the fees are "excessive, redundant, or otherwise unnecessary..."; and because they "are inadequately documented." The American Bar Association has noted that "[F]ee applicants 'must make every effort to submit time records which specifically allocate the time spent...' Time records must also 'fully explain' the individual tasks for which the fee applicant is billing to ensure that the court is not 'at a loss to determine the reasonableness of the task.' The general rule is that where a court cannot determine the reasonableness of a task, the fee request for

that task is deducted from the overall fee request." 1 Mr. Bittner's time was inadequately documented in a way that did not allocate the time spent on specific tasks, ensuring that upon review of this fee request the court would not be at a loss to determine reasonableness for the time alleged therein.

It is quite clear why I question Mr. Bittner's billing entry dated 8/31/16 (Bittner Dec.) after review of the 10 day notice referenced and the lease that the 10 day notice is purported to reflect. The quality of work performed would have indeed been most likely detrimental (as opposed to beneficial) had the Defendant been endowed at the time with funding for competent representative counsel because Mr. Bittner unwaveringly based a large part of his arguments during trial on these severe errors in documenting, glaring misstatements, or flat out untruths. The notice references four alleged violations, two of which plainly don't match up with the lease. These two provisions are as follows (Hernandez Dec., Ex. B):

- (1) The Lease prohibits pets other than one cat; and
- (3) Allows for only one occupant.

The drafter of this notice either severely erred in their interpretation of facts, or otherwise greatly misstated the information for reasons currently unknown, because upon review of the lease document itself (Hernandez Dec., Ex. C), you will find:

- (1) The lease states on p. 1 at "PETS:" No pets shall be allowed on the Premises.
- (2) There is no provision in the lease indicating, limiting, or otherwise setting guidelines for the number of occupants at the Premises.

¹ Brooks Magratten, Robert D. Phillips Jr., Thomas Connolly, Renee Feldman, Isaac Mamaysky, *Trial Practice Calculating Fee Awards*, A.B.A. *GPSOLO*, March 2010

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This entry at 8/31/16 should be deducted from the total amount of Plaintiff's fee request, as the other two alleged violations did not occur (Plaintiff asserted Hernandez was smoking cigarettes and "drugs" inside the unit because of an illegally taken photograph showing a pack of cigarettes on a table inside the unit), and that required maintenance of the premises was not performed. There was and is not any damage to the premises and it is in excellent condition.

On 9/6/16, Plaintiff's counsel indicates two hours were spent to "Draft Declaration and prepare Complaint exhibits." Bittner Dec. There were six exhibits to Plaintiff's complaint. The first exhibit was a one-page document provided to him by Plaintiff, the second was the lease related to the lawsuit. The third exhibit was another two-page document provided by Plaintiff, copies of correspondence from a financial institution. The fourth exhibit was a declaration and billed for separately, and exhibits five and six were drafted by Mr. Bittner's office. In sum, there was no legal editing work required to prepare these documents for submission to the court, which means Mr. Bittner must have spent two hours drafting the declaration used as an exhibit to the complaint, which was purportedly drafted by the Plaintiff's sister and revised by the Plaintiff before submission to the Court. Id. at 9/8/16. In addition to these two hours, on 9/7/16, Bittner billed one hour for "draft declaration and forward to client; prepare service order." As he did not submit a declaration with the complaint, one would have to assume that the better part of a total of three hours has now been billed to a two-page declaration of which Bittner was not the signing author. And again, on 9/8/16, Bittner block billed indicating a "redrafting" of the declaration he had spent three hours combined on the two days prior, for a total of about five hours. Id. Plaintiff's counsel should have fees reduced due to this negligence at the Court's discretion.

Page two of Exhibit A to Bittner's declaration indicates two hours spent on 9/14/16 to "review affidavit of service, draft statutory rent pleadings." By this entry, one can only assume he AMENDED OPPOSITION TO PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR ATTORNEY'S FEES AND COSTS; JUDGMENT ON THE VERDICT; AND WRIT OF RESTITUTION - 4

means the document that Plaintiff served on Hernandez regarding certification of rent alleged due in accordance with the statute RCW 59.18.375. It is self-explanatory why this entire entry should be deducted from the total fees requested by Plaintiff after you review the document "drafted" by Mr. Bittner at Hernandez' Ex. D, where it appears Bittner located a form, handwrote the caption on the first page and handwrote Hernandez' service address on the second page. That is the document in his entirety. This entry also notes review of "affidavit of service," but what date the service was performed, what document was served, who the document was served on, etc. is nowhere to be found in the billing entries submitted by Plaintiff's counsel. This entry should be entirely removed from the total for Plaintiff's request for attorney's fees.

On October 13, Plaintiff's counsel bills for "calendar case schedule," among other things in this block billing for 3.5 hours, which I would like specifics of this total requested for. Here was no case schedule in this matter, and the document provided to both parties, though captioned as a case schedule, contained no deadlines, therefore, nothing to calendar.

Mr. Bittner's October 22 entry indicates he performed service on Hernandez utilizing a drop serve method. I challenge the legal effect of this. Is a plaintiff's attorney authorized by statute, rules, or otherwise to serve defendant when service by defendant on plaintiff's attorney is not valid?

Many businesses and individuals have a standard for the quality of service they expect when they retain a lawyer because of the amount of money requested by these professionals for such services. Mr. Bittner erroneously served Defendant with default pleadings even after the Defendant had appeared, and when statute for this type of matter (RCW 59.12.121 re unlawful detainer) clearly allows that any answer to Plaintiff's complaint (aside from the appearance notice) be made "[O]n or before the day fixed for his or her appearance..." The billing entries made on AMENDED OPPOSITION TO PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR ATTORNEY'S FEES AND COSTS; JUDGMENT ON THE VERDICT; AND WRIT OF RESTITUTION - 5

9/1916 and between 9/22/16 and 9/30/16 are all block billed with the majority or all of the block billing relating to the default hearing erroneously noted and should be removed from Mr. Bittner's request for attorney's fees.

Upon review of the invoice submitted by Mr. Bittner, many clerical duties are included in his block billed hourly rate fees. Depending on the type of task, the necessary duties are usually not billed for, or compensated at a much lower fee than an attorney's hourly rate. Typically, costs for work categorized as secretarial in nature are "considered overhead expenses reflected in an attorney's hourly billing rate, and are not properly reimbursable.²" Unless otherwise proven, fees and costs for secretarial duties are included in an attorney's hourly rate and are not separately recoverable. At least 13 entries out of 3 entries in Plaintiff's invoice contain clerical tasks that are block billed with the time Mr. Bittner allegedly spent on tasks of billable nature related to this matter. These entries are identified as follows and as found at Exhibit A to the Declaration of James U. Bittner and should be removed and Plaintiff's counsels billing should be reduced at this Court's discretion:

8/29/16 Prepare for service

8/30/16 Check on service

9/1/16 Serve 10 day notice

9/2/16 Confirm service

9/7/16 Prepare service order

9/9/16 "Complile," file and serve complaint

² Orme v. Burlington Coat Factory, 2010 WL 1838740 (D. Or. 2010).

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9/12/16 Confirm service; ... organize documents and pleadings 9/14/16 Forward statutory ... demand 9/15/16 Check on service 9/28/16 Proof and serve motion 9/29/16 Track service and request proof 9/30/16 Proof and file motion - (Note:proofed 2x) 10/13/16 Obtain case schedule, calendar case schedule (Note: there was nothing to calendar on case schedule) 10 The entry dated 10/25 indicates subpoenas were drafted (multiple) and the entry of 10/27 indicates Mr. Bittner was following up on acceptance of one of the subpoenas. I was never copied on these documents. Were they actually drafted and finalized? I don't see an entry for finalizing 13 14 and proofing these documents, an entry Mr. Bittner made relating to any other document he drafted. 15 RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED this 29th day of November, 2016 at Seattle, 16 Washington. Dated this 29th day of November, 2016 at Seattle, Washington. 18 19 20 Teressa Hernandez, Defendant 23

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I, Teressa Hernandez, certify under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Washington that on November 29th, 2016, I coordinated service of the following documentation in the manner so described:

I e-mailed and faxed a copy of the foregoing document(s) to James U. Bittner, Kasperson & Bittner, PLLC, attorneys for plaintiff, at the following e-mail address and fax number as provided by plaintiff: bittner, at the following e-mail address and fax number as provided by plaintiff: bittner@bittner@bittnerlaw.com, (206) 682-1197.

DATED this 29th day of November, 2016 at Seattle, Washington.

/s/Teressa Hernandez

Teressa Hernandez, Defendant